# Single phase string inverters

# ASW S-G2 SERIES User Manual

ASW3000-S-G2 / ASW3680-S-G2 / ASW4000-S-G2 ASW5000-S-G2 / ASW6000-S-G2





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#### 1 Notes on this Manual

#### 1.1 General Notes

Solplanet inverter is a transformerless solar inverter with two independent MPP trackers. It converts the direct current (DC) from a photovoltaic (PV) array to grid-compliant alternating current (AC) and feeds it into the grid.

#### 1.2 Area of validity

This manual describes the mounting, installation, commissioning and maintenance of the following inverters:

ASW3000-S-G2

ASW3680-S-G2

ASW4000-S-G2

ASW5000-S-G2

ASW6000-S-G2

Observe all documentation that accompanies the inverter. Keep them in a convenient place and available at all times.

#### 1.3 Target group

This manual is for qualified electricians only, who must perform the tasks exactly as described. All persons installing inverters must be trained and experienced in general safety which must be observed when working on electrical equipment. Installation personnel should also be familiar with local requirements, rules and regulations.

Qualified persons must have the following skills:

- Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated
- Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing, repairing and using electrical devices and installations
- Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices
- Knowledge of all applicable laws, standards and directives
- Knowledge of and compliance with this document and all safety information

#### 1.4 Symbols used in this manual

Safety instructions will be highlighted with the following symbols:



DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not be avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not be avoided, can result in death or serious injury.

# **A** CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not be avoided, can result in minor or moderate injury.

#### **NOTICE**

NOTICE indicates a situation which, if not be avoided, can result in property damage.



INFORMATION that is important for a specific topic or goal, but is not safety-relevant.

#### 2 Safety

- The inverter converts the direct current from PV array into grid-compliant alternating current.
- 2. The inverter is suitable for indoor and outdoor use.
- The inverter must only be operated with PV arrays (PV modules and cabling) of protection class II, in accordance with IEC 61730, application class A. Do not connect any sources of energy other than PV modules to the inverter.
- 4. PV modules with a high capacitance to ground must only be used if their coupling capacitance is less than  $1.0\mu F$ .
- 5. When the PV modules are exposed to sunlight, a DC voltage is supplied to the inverter.
- 6. When designing the PV system, ensure that the values comply with the permitted operating range of all components at all times.
- 7. The product must only be used in countries for which it is approved or released by AISWEI and the grid operator.
- Use this product only in accordance with the information provided in this documentation
  and with the locally applicable standards and directives. Any other application may cause
  personal injury or property damage.
- The type label must remain permanently attached to the product.2.2 Important safety information

# **A** DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when live components or cables are touched

- All work on the inverter must only be carried out by qualified personnel who have read and fully understood all safety information contained in this manual.
- Do not open the product.
- Children must be supervised to ensure that they do not play with this device.



Danger to life due to high voltages of the PV array

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors and the live components of the inverter. Touching the DC conductors or the live components can lead to lethal electric shocks. If you disconnect the DC connectors from the inverter under load, an electric arc may occur leading to electric shock and burns.

- Do not touch non-insulated cable ends.
- Do not touch the DC conductors.
- Do not touch any live components of the inverter.
- Have the inverter mounted, installed and commissioned only by qualified persons with the appropriate skills.
- If an error occurs, have it rectified by qualified persons only.
- Prior to performing any work on the inverter, disconnect it from all voltage sources as described in this document(see Section 9 "Disconnecting the Inverter from Voltage Sources").

# **A** WARNING

Risk of injury due to electric shock

Touching an ungrounded PV module or array frame can cause a lethal electric shock.

 connect and ground the PV modules, array frame and electrically conductive surfaces so that there is continuous conduction.

# **A** CAUTION

Risk of burns due to hot enclosure parts

Some parts of the enclosure can get hot during operation.

During operation, do not touch any parts other than the enclosure lid of the inverter.

# **NOTICE**

Damage to the inverter due to electrostatic discharge

Internal components of the inverter can be irreparably damaged by electrostatic discharge.

• Ground yourself before touching any component.

#### 2.3 Symbols on the label

Symbol	Explanation
	Beware of a danger zone
$\mathbf{\Lambda}$	This symbol indicates that the product mus be additionally grounded if
	additional grounding or equipotential bonding is required at the installation
	site.
Α	Beware of high voltage and operating current
14\	The inverter operates at high voltage and current. Work on the inverter must
	only be carried out by skilled and authorized electricians.
^	Beware of hot surfaces
	The inverter can get hot during operation. Avoid contact during operation.
	The inverter can get not during operation. Avoid contact during operation.
	WEEE designation
X	Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in
<b>1</b> _3	accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at
	the installation site.
	CE marking
	The product complies with the requirements of the applicable EU directives.
	р. останования по точанования странования до информации по точанования по точания по
Type Approved Safety Regular Production Surveillance	Certification mark
TÜVRheinland  CERTIFIED  Www.iuv.com ID 2000000000	The product has been tested by TUV and got the quality certification mark.
$\triangle$	RCM Mark
	The product complies with the requirements of the applicable Australian
رح	standards.



#### Capacitors discharge

Before opening the covers, the inverter must be disconnected from the grid and PV array. Wait at least 5 minutes to allow the energy storage capacitors to fully discharge.



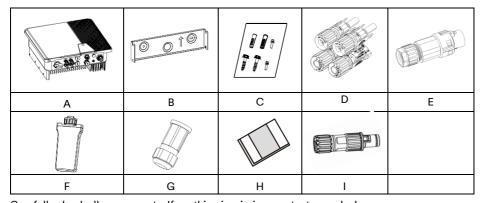
Observe the documentation

Observe all documentation supplied with the product

#### 3 Unpacking

#### 3.1 Scope of delivery

Object	Description	Quantity
Α	Inverter	1 piece
В	Wall mounting bracket 1 piece	
С	Wall anchors and hexagon bolts (2×)	1
	M5 screw (2×)	1 set
D	DC connector	2 pairs
Е	AC Plug connector	1 piece
F	WiFi stick	1 piece
G	RS 485 COM plug (Optional)	2 pieces
Н	Documentation	1 set
I	Smart meter terminal (Optional)	1 piece



Carefully check all components. If anything is missing, contact your dealer.

#### 3.2 Checking for transport damage

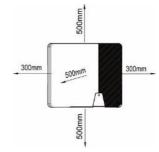
Thoroughly inspect the packaging upon delivery. If you detect any damage to the packaging which indicates the inverter may have been damaged, informthe responsible shipping company immediately. We will be glad to assist you if required.

#### 4 Mounting

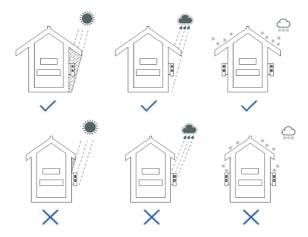
#### 4.1 Ambient conditions

- 1. Be sure the inverter is installed out of the reach of children.
- 2. Mount the inverter in areas where it cannot be touched inadvertently.
- 3. Ensure good access to the inverter for installation and possible service.
- 4. Make sure that heat can dissipate, observe the following minimum clearance to walls, other inverters, or objects:

Direction	Min. clearance (mm)
above	500
below	500
sides	300



- 5. The ambient temperature is recommended below 40°C to ensure optimal operation.
- 6. Recommend to mount the inverter under the shaded site of the building or mount an awning above the inverter.
- 7. Avoid exposing the inverter to direct sunlight, rain and snow to ensure optimal operation and extend service life.



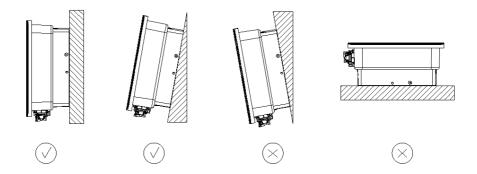
- 8. The mounting method, location and surface must be suitable for the inverter's weight and dimensions.
- If mounted in a residential area, we recommend mounting the inverter on a solid surface.
   Plasterboard and similar materials are not recommended due to audible vibrations when in use.
- 10. Do not put any objects on the inverter.
- 11. Do not cover the inverter.

#### 4.2 Selecting the mounting location

# **A** DANGER

#### Danger to life due to fire or explosion

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Do not mount the inverter in areas where flammable materials are stored.
- Do not mount the inverter in areas where there is a risk of explosion.



- 1. Mount the inverter vertically or tilted backward by a maximum of 15°.
- 2. Never mount the inverter tilted forward or sideways.
- 3. Never mount the inverter horizontally.
- 4. Mount the inverter at eye level to make it easy to operate and to read the display.
- 5. The electrical connection area must point downwards.

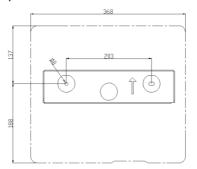


#### Risk of injury due to the weight of the inverter

• When mounting, be careful that the inverter weighs approx.:18.5kg.

#### Mounting procedures:

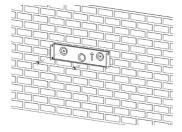
Use the wall bracket as a drilling template and mark the positions of the drill holes. Drill 2
holes with a 10 mm drill. The holes must be about 70 mm deep. Keep the drill vertical to the
wall, and hold the drill steady to avoid tilted holes.



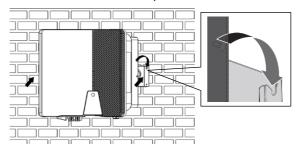


#### Risk of injury due to the inverter falls down

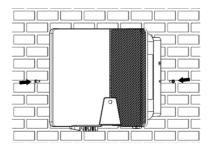
- Before inserting the wall anchors, measure the depth and distance of the holes.
- If the measured values do not meet the hole requirements, redrill holes.
- After drilling holes in the wall, place three screw anchors into the holes, then attach the wall mounting bracket to the wall using the self-tapping screws delivered with the inverter.



3. Position and hang the inverter onto the wall bracket ensuring the two studs located on the outer ribs of the inverter are slotted into the respective slots in the wall bracket.



4. Check both sides of the heat sink to ensure that it is securely in place. insert one screw M5x12 each into the lower screw hole on both sides of the inverter anchorage bracket respectively and tighten them.



If a second protective conductor is required in installation site, ground the inverter and secure it so that it cannot drop from the housing (see section

5.4 "Second protective grounding connection").

Dismante the inverter in reverse order.

#### 5.1 Safety



#### Danger to life due to high voltages of the PV array

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors and the live components of the inverter. Touching the DC conductors or the live components can lead to lethal electric shocks. If you disconnect the DC connectors from the inverter under load, an electric arc may occur leading to electric shock and burns.

- Do not touch non-insulated cable ends.
- Do not touch the DC conductors.
- Do not touch any live components of the inverter.
- Have the inverter mounted, installed and commissioned only by qualified persons with the appropriate skills.
- If an error occurs, have it rectified by qualified persons only.
- Prior to performing any work on the inverter, disconnect it from all voltage sources as described in this document(see Section 9 "Disconnecting the Inverter from Voltage Sources").

# **A** WARNING

#### Risk of injury due to electric shock

- The inverter must be installed only by trained and authorized electricians.
- All electrical installations must be done in accordance with the National Wiring Rules standards and all locally applicable standards and directives.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Damage to the inverter due to electrostatic discharge

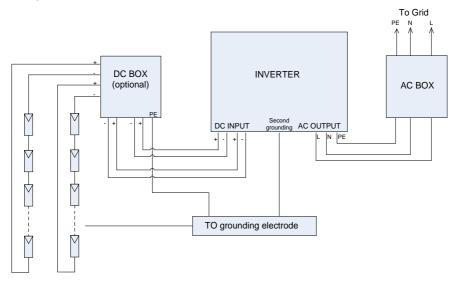
Touching electronic components can cause damage to or destroy the inverter through electrostatic discharge.

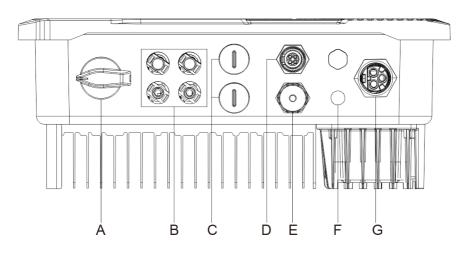
• Ground yourself before touching any component.

#### 5.2 System layout of units without integrated DC switch

Local standards or codes may require that PV systems are fitted with an external DC switch on the DC side. The DC switch must be able to safely disconnect the open-circuit voltage of the PV array plus a safety reserve of 20%.

Install a DC switch to each PV string to isolate the DC side of the inverter. We recommend the following electrical connection:





Object	Description	
Α	DC SWITCH: switch on or off for PV-load.	
В	DC input: plug-in connector to connect the strings.	
С	COM: Network port with protective cap.	
D	Connector for meter.	
E	WiFi: transmit and Wi-Fi signal.	
F	Connection point for an additional grounding.	
G	AC OUTPUT: plug-in connector, connect the grid.	

#### 5.4 Second protective grounding connection

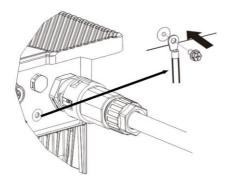
### **NOTICE**

In case of operation on a Delta-IT Grid type, in order to ensure safety compliance in accordance with IEC 62109, the following step should be taken:

The second protective earth/ground conductor, with a diameter of at least 10 mm<sup>2</sup> and be made from copper, should be connected to the designated earth point on the inverter.

#### Procedure:

- 1. Insert the grounding conductor into the suitable terminal lug and crimp the contact.
- 2. Align the terminal lug with the grounding conductor on the screw.
- 3. Tighten it firmly into the housing (screwdriver type: PH2, torque: 2.5 Nm).



#### Information on grounding components:

Object	Description	
M5 screw	Screwdriver type: PH2, torque: 2.5Nm	
Bootlace ferrule	Customer provided, type: M5	
Grounding cable	Copper conductor cross-section: 6-16mm <sup>2</sup>	

#### 5.5 AC connection



#### Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter

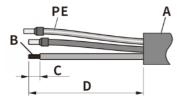
 Before establishing the electrical connection, ensure that the miniature circuitbreaker is switched off and cannot be reactivated.

#### 5.5.1 Conditions for the AC connection

#### **Cable Requirements**

The grid connection is established using three conductors (L, N, and PE).

We recommend the following specifications for stranded copper wire. The AC plug housing has the lettering of length for stripping cable..



#### ASW3000-S-G2/ASW3680-S-G2/ASW4000-S-G2/ASW5000-S-G2/ASW6000-S-G2

Object	Description	Value
Α	External diameter	10 to 16mm
В	Conductor cross-section	4 to 8 mm²
С	Stripping length of the insulated conductors	approx. 13 mm
D	Stripping length of the outer sheath of cable	approx. 53 mm

Larger cross-sections should be used for longer cables.

#### Cable design

The conductor cross-section should be dimensioned to avoid power loss in cables exceeding 1% of rated output power.

The higher grid impedance of the AC cable makes it easier to disconnect from the grid due to excessive voltage at the feed-in point.

The maximum cable lengths depend on the conductor cross-section as follows:

Conducto	Maximum cable length				
r cross- section	ASW3000-S	ASW3680-S	ASW4000-S	ASW5000-S	ASW6000-S
4 mm²	30m	24m	22m	18m	15m
6 mm²	45m	36m	34m	27m	22m
8 mm²	60m	48m	45m	36m	30m

The required conductor cross-section depends on the inverter rating, ambient temperature, routing method, cable type, cable losses, applicable installation requirements of the country of installation, etc.

#### Residual current protection

The product is equipped with an integrated universal current-sensitive residual current monitoring unit inside. The inverter will disconnect immediately from the mains power as soon as fault current with a value exceeding the limit.



If an external residual-current protection device is required, please installa type B residual-current protection device with a protection limit of not less than 100mA.

#### Overvoltage category

The inverter can be used in grids of overvoltage category III or lower in accordance with IEC 60664-1. This means that it can be permanently connected at the grid-connection point in a building. In installations involving long outdoor cable routing, additional measures to reduce overvoltage category IV to overvoltage category III are required.

#### AC circuit breaker

In PV systems with multiple inverters, protect each inverter with a separate circuit breaker. This will prevent residual voltage being present at the corresponding cable after disconnection.

No consumer load should be applied between AC circuit breaker and the inverter.

The selection of the AC circuit breaker rating depends on the wiring design (wire cross-section area), cable type, wiring method, ambient temperature, inverter current rating, etc. Derating of the AC circuit breaker rating may be necessary due to self-heating or if exposed to heat.

The maximum output current and the maximum output overcurrent protection of the inverters can be found in section 10 "Technical data".

#### Grounding conductor monitoring

The inverter is equipped with a grounding conductor monitoring device. This grounding conductor monitoring device detects when there is no grounding conductor connected and disconnects the inverter from the utility grid if this is the case. Depending on the installation site and grid configuration, it may be advisable to deactivate the grounding conductor monitoring. This is necessary, for example, in an IT system if there is no neutral conductor present and you

intend to install the inverter between two line conductors. If you are uncertain about this, contact your grid operator or AISWEI.



Safety in accordance with IEC 62109 when the grounding conductor monitoring is deactivated. In order to guarantee safety in accordance with IEC 62109 when the grounding conductor monitoring is deactivated, carry out one of the following measures:

- Connect a copper-wire grounding conductor with a cross-section of at least 10 mm² to the AC connector bush insert.
- Connect an additional grounding that has at least the same cross-section as the
  connected grounding conductor to the AC connector bush insert. This prevents
  touch current in the event of the grounding conductor on the AC connector bush
  insert failing.



#### Risk of injury due to electric shock and fire caused by high leakage current

- The inverter must be reliably grounded in order to protect property and personal safety.
- The PE wire should longer 2 mm than L,N during strip the outer sheath of AC cable.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Damage to the seal of the cover in sub-zero conditions

If you open the cover in sub-zero condition, the sealing of the cover can be damaged. This can lead moisture entering the inverter.

- Do not open the inverter cover at ambient temperatures lower than -5°C.
- If a layer of ice has formed on the seal of the cover in sub-zero comditions, remove it
  prior to opening the inverter(e.g. by melting the ice with warm air). Observe the
  applicable safety regulation.

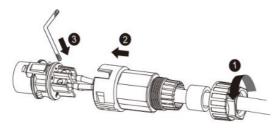
#### Procedure:

- Switch off the miniature circuit-breaker and secure it against being inadvertently switched back on.
- 2. Shorten L and N by 2 mm each, so that the grounding conductor is 3 mm longer. This ensures that the grounding conductor is the last to be pulled from the screw terminal in the event of tensile strain.
- 3. Insert the conductor into a suitable ferrule acc. to DIN 46228-4 and crimp the contact.

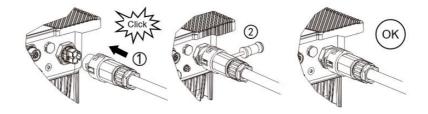


4. Insert the PE, N and L conductor through the AC connector housing and terminate them into the corresponding terminals of the AC connector terminal and make sure insert them

to the end in the order as shown, and then tighten the screws with an appropriately sized hex key with a suggested torque of 2.0 Nm.



5. Connect the AC connector plug to the inverter's AC output terminal.





#### Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter

- Before connecting the PV array, ensure that the DC switch is switched off and that it cannot be reactivated.
- Do not disconnect the DC connectors under load.

#### 5.6.1 Requirements for the DC Connection



#### Use of Y adapters for parallel connection of strings

The Y adapters must not be used to interrupt the DC circuit.

- Do not use the Y adapters in the immediate vicinity of the inverter.
   The adapters must not be visible or freely accessible.
- In order to interrupt the DC circuit, always disconnect the inverter as described in this
  document (see Section 9 "Disconnecting the Inverter from Voltage Sources").

#### Requirements for the PV modules of a string:

- PV modules of the connected strings must be of: the same type, identical alignment and identical tilt.
- The thresholds for the input voltage and the input current of the inverter must be adhered to (see Section 10.1 "Technical DC input data").
- On the coldest day based on statistical records, the open-circuit voltage of the PV array must never exceed the maximum input voltage of the inverter.
- The connection cables of the PV modules must be equipped with the connectors included in the scope of delivery.
- The positive connection cables of the PV modules must be equipped with the positive DC connectors. The negative connection cables of the PV modules must be equipped with the negative DC connectors.



#### Danger to life due to high voltages on DC conductors

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors. Touching the DC conductors can lead to lethal electric shocks.

- Cover the PV modules.
- Do not touch the DC conductors.

Assemble the DC connectors as described below. Be sure to observe the correct polarity. The DC connectors are marked with the symbols "+" and " - ".



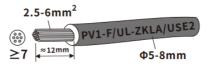
#### Cable requirements:

The cable must be of type PV1-F, UL-ZKLA or USE2 and comply with the following properties:

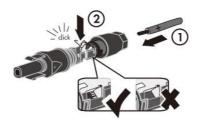
- ♦ External diameter: 5 mm to 8 mm
- Conductor cross-section: 2.5 mm² to 6 mm²
- Qty single wires: at least 7
- ♦ Nominal voltage: at least 600V

Proceed as follows to assemble each DC connector.

1. Strip 12 mm off the cable insulation.



2. Lead the stripped cable into the corresponding DC plug connector. Press the clamping bracket down until it audibly snaps into place.



3. Push the swivel nut up to the thread and tighten the swivel nut. (SW15, Torque: 2.0Nm).



4. Ensure that the cable is correctly positioned:

Result	Measure
If the stranded wires are visible in the	• Proceed to step 5.
chamber of the clamping bracket, the	
cable is correctly positioned.	
If the stranded wires are not visible in the	Release the clamping bracket. To do so,
chamber, the cable is not correctly	insert a flat-blade screwdriver (blade width: 3.5
positioned.	mm) into the clamping bracket and lever it
	open.
	Remove the cable and go back to step 2.

5.6.3 Disassembling the DC connectors

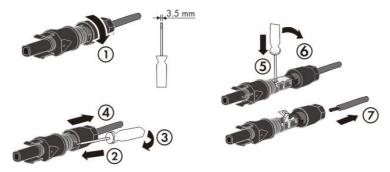


#### Danger to life due to high voltages on DC conductors

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors. Touching the DC conductors can lead to lethal electric shocks.

- Cover the PV modules.
- Do not touch the DC conductors.

To remove DC plug connectors and cables, use a screwdriver (blade width: 3.5mm) as following procedure.



#### 5.6.4 Connecting the PV array

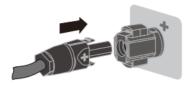
## **NOTICE**

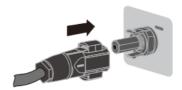
#### The inverter can be destroyed by overvoltage

If the voltage of the strings exceeds the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter, it can be destroyed due to overvoltage. All warranty claims become void.

- Do not connect strings with an open-circuit voltage greater than the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter.
- Check the design of the PV system.
- Ensure that the individual miniature circuit-breaker is switched off and ensure that it cannot be accidentally reconnected.

- Ensure that the DC switch is switched off and ensure that it cannot be accidentally reconnected.
- 3. Ensure that there is no ground fault in the PV array.
- 4. Check whether the DC connector has the correct polarity.
  If the DC connector is equipped with a DC cable having the wrong polarity, the DC connector must be reassembled. The DC cable must always have the same polarity as the DC connector.
- Ensure that the open-circuit voltage of the PV array does not exceed the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter.
- 6. Connect the assembled DC connectors to the inverter until they audibly snap into place.





7. Ensure that all DC connectors are securely in place.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Damage to the inverter due to moisture and dust penetration

- Seal the unused DC inputs so that moisture and dust cannot penetrate the inverter.
- Make sure all DC connectors are securely sealed.

#### 5.7 Communication equipment connection



#### Danger to life due to electric shock when live components are touched.

Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources before connect the network cable.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Damage to the inverter due to electrostatic discharge

Internal components of the inverter can be irreparably damaged by electrostatic discharge

• Ground yourself before touching any component.

#### 5.7.1 RS485 cable connection

The pin assignment of the RJ45 socket is as follows:



Pin 1 Pin 8

Pin 1=TX\_RS485A Pin 2=TX\_RS485B Pin 3=NC Pin 4=GND Pin 5=NC Pin 6=NC Pin 7=NC Pin 8=NC

The network cable meeting the EIA/TIA 568A or 568B standard must be UV resistant if it is to be used outdoors.

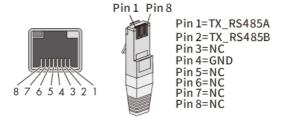
#### Cable requirement:

- Shielding wire
- CAT-5E or higher
- UV-resistant for outdoor use
- RS485 cable maximum length 1000m

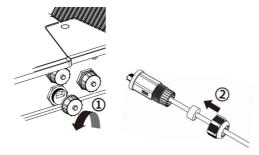
#### Procedure:

- 1. Take out the cable fixing accessory from the package.
- Unscrew the swivel nut of the M25 cable gland, remove the filler-plug from the cable gland and keep it well. If there is only one network cable, please keep a filler-plug in the remaining hole of the sealing ring against water ingress.
- 3. RS485 cable pin assignment as below, strip the wire as shown in the figure, and crimp the cable

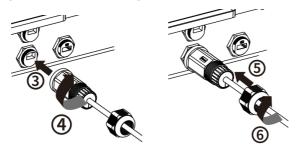
to an RJ45 connector (according to DIN 46228-4, provided by the customer):



4. Unscrew the communication port cover cap in the following arrow sequence and insert the network cable into the RS485 communication client attached.

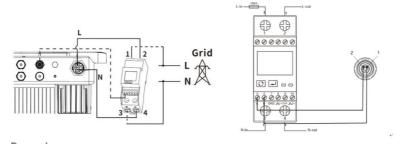


5. Insert the network cable into the corresponding communication terminal of the inverter according to the arrow sequence, tighten the thread sleeve, and then tighten the gland.



Disassemble the network cable in reverse order.

#### Connection diagram



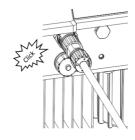
#### Procedure:

 Loosen the gland of the connector. Insert the crimped conductors into the corresponding terminals and tighten screws with a screwdriver as shown. Torque: 0.5-0.6 Nm



2. Remove the dust cap from the terminal of the meter connector, and connect the meter plug.





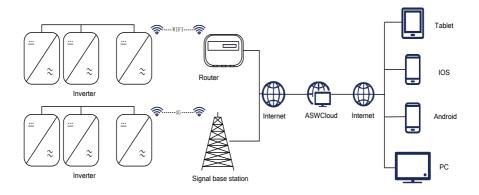
- 1. Take out the WiFi/4G modular included in the scope of delivery.
- 2. Attach the WiFi modular to the connection port in place and tighten it into the port by hand with the nut in the modular. Make sure the modular is securely connected and the label on the modular can be seen.



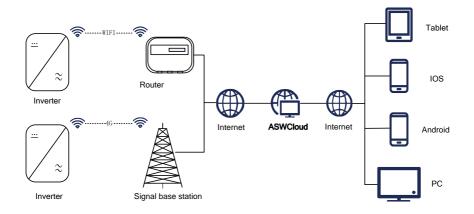


#### 6.1 System monitoring via WLAN/4G

User can monitor the inverter through the external WiFi/4G stick module. The connection diagram between the inverter and internet is shown as following two pictures, both two methods are available. Please note that each WiFi/4G stick can only connect to 5 inverters in method1.



Method 1 only one inverter with the 4G/WiFi Stick, the other inverter be connected through the RS 485 cable.

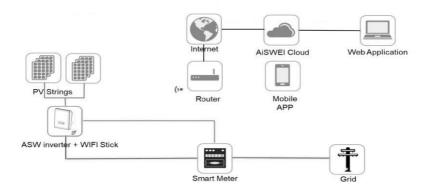


Mehod 2 every inverter with 4G/WiFi Stick, every inverter can connect to internet.

As shown above, we offer a remote monitoring platform called "AiSWEI cloud". You can also 34 UM0031\_ASW 3000-6000-S-G2\_EN-AU\_V02\_0223 install the "AiSWEI APP" on a smart phone using Android or an iOS operating system. You can visit the website (<a href="https://solplanet.net/installer-area/#monitoring">https://solplanet.net/installer-area/#monitoring</a>) for system information. And download the user manual for the AISWEI Cloud Web or AISWEI APP.

#### 6.2 Active power control with Smart meter

The inverter can control active power output via connecting smart meter, following picture is the system connection mode through WiFi stick.



The smart meter should support the MODBUS protocol with a baud rate of 9600 and address set

1. Smart meter as above SDM630-Modbus connecting method and seting baud rate method for



modbus please refer to it's user manual.

Possible reason of communication failure due to incorrect connection

- WiFi stick only support single inverter to do active power control.
- The overall length of the cable from inverter to smart meter is 100m.

The active power limit can be set on "AiSWEI APP" application, the details can be found in the user manual for the AISWEI APP.



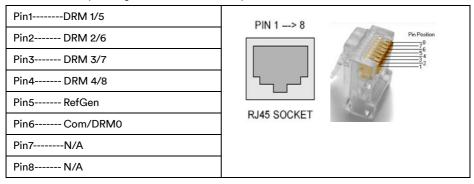
# **DRMS** application description

- Only applicable to AS/NZS4777.2:2020.
- DRM0 is available.

The inverter shall detect and initiate a response to all supported demand response commands, demand response modes are described as follows:

Mode	Requirement		
DRM 0	Operate the disconnection device		
DRM 1	Do not consume power		
DRM 2	Do not consume at more than 50% of rated power		
DDM 7	Do not consume at more than 75% of rated power AND Source reactive power		
DRM 3	if capable		
DRM 4	Increase power consumption (subject to constraints from other active DRMs)		
DRM 5	Do not generate power		
DRM 6	Do not generate at more than 50% of rated power		
DDM 7	Do not generate at more than 75% of rated power AND Sink reactive power if		
DRM 7	capable		
DRM 8	Increase power generation (subject to constraints from other active DRMs)		

The RJ45 socket pin assignments for demand response modes as follows:



If DRMs support is required, the inverter should be used in conjunction with AiCom. The Demand Response Enabling Device (DRED) can be conneted to the DRED port on AiCom via RS485 cable.

You can vist the website (www.solplanet.net) for more information and download the user manual for the AiCom.

## 6.4 Communication with third-party devices

Solplanet inverters can also connect with one third party device instead of RS485 or WiFi stick, the communication protocol is modbus. For more information, please contact the Service.

### 6.5 Earth fault alarm

This inverter complies with IEC 62109-2 clause 13.9 for earth fault alarm monitoring. If an Earth Fault Alarm occurs, the red color LED indicator will light up. At the same time, the error code 38 will be sent to the AlSWEI Cloud. (This function is only available in Australia and New Zealand)

# **NOTICE**

## Risk of injury due to incorrect installation

 We strongly recommend carrying out checks before commissioning to avoid possible damage to the device caused by faulty installation.

#### 7.1 Flectrical checks

Carry out the main electrical tests as follows:

1. Check the PE connection with a multimeter: make sure that the inverter's exposed metal surface has a ground connection.



# Danger to life due to the presence of DC voltage

- Do not touch parts of the sub-structure and frame of PV array.
- Wear personal protective equipment such as insulating gloves.
- Check the DC voltage values: check that the DC voltage of the strings does not exceed the
  permitted limits. Refer to the Section 2.1 "Intended use" about designing the PV system for
  the maximum allowed DC voltage.
- 3. Check the polarity of the DC voltage: make sure the DC voltage has the correct polarity.
- 4. Check the PV array's insulation to ground with a multimeter: make sure that the insulation resistance to ground is greater than 1 MOhm.



## Danger to life due to the presence of AC voltage

- Only touch the insulation of the AC cables.
- Wear personal protective equipment such as insulating gloves.
- Check the grid voltage: check that the grid voltage at the point of connection of the inverter complies with the permitted value.

#### 7.2 Mechanical checks

Carry out the main mechanical checks to ensure the inverter is waterproof:

- ① Make sure the inverter has been correctly mounted with wall bracket.
- 2 Make sure the cover has been correctly mounted.
- 3 Make sure the communication cable and AC connector have been correctly wired and tightened.

## 7.3 Safety code check

After finishing the electrical and mechanical checks, switch on the DC-switch. Choose suitable safety code according to the location of installation. please visit website(www.solplanet.net) and download the Solplanet APP manual for detailed information. you can check the Safety Code Setting and the Firmware Version on APP.



The Solplanet's inverters comply with local safety code when leaving the factory. For the Australian market, the inverter cannot be connected to the grid before the safety-related area is set. Please select from Australia Region A/B/C to comply with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020, and contact your local electricity grid operator on which Region to select.

#### 7.4 Start-Up

After finishing the electrical and mechanical checks, switch on the miniature circuit-breaker and DC-switch in turn. Once the DC input voltage is sufficiently high and the grid-connection conditions are met, the inverter will start operation automatically. Usually, there are three states during operation:

**Waiting:** When the initial voltage of the strings is greater than the minimum DC input voltage but lower than the start-up DC input voltage, the inverter is waiting for sufficient DC input voltage and cannot feed power into the grid.

**Checking:** When the initial voltage of the strings exceeds the start-up DC input voltage, the inverter will check feeding conditions at once. If there is anything wrong during checking, the inverter will switch to the "Fault" mode.

**Normal:** After checking, the inverter will switch to "Normal" state and feed power into the grid. During periods of low radiation, the inverter may continuously start up and shut down. This is due to insufficient power generated by the PV array.

If this fault occurs often, please call service.



### **Quick Troubleshooting**

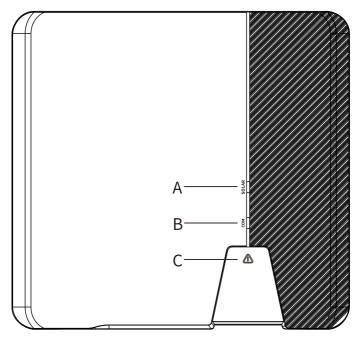
If the inverter is in "Fault" mode, refer to Section 11 "Troubleshooting".

# 8 Operation

The information provided here covers the LED indicators.

# 8.1 Overview of the panel

The inverter is equipped with three LEDs indicators.



Object	Description
А	Normal (White LED)
В	Communication (White LED)
С	Fault (Red LED)

### 8.1.1 LEDs

The inverter is equipped with two LED indicators "white" and "red" which provide information about the various operating states.

## LED A:

The LED A is lit when the inverter is operating normally. The LED A is off The inverter is not feeding into the grid.

### LED B:

The LED B flashes during communication with other devices e.g. AiCom/AiManager, Solarlog etc. Also, the LED B flashes during firmware update through RS485.

# LED C:

The LED C is lit when the inverter has stopped feeding power into the grid due to a fault. The corresponding error code will be shown on the APP.

# 9 Disconnecting the Inverter from Voltage Sources

Prior to performing any work on the inverter, disconnect it from all voltage sources as described in this section. Always adhere strictly to the prescribed sequence.

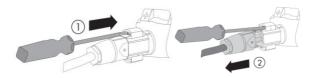
# **NOTICE**

### Destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage

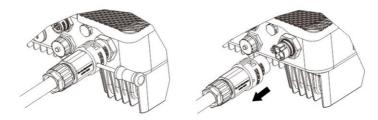
• Use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 0 V or higher.

#### Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect the miniature circuit- breaker and secure against reconnection.
- 2. Disconnect the DC switch and secure against reconnection.
- 3. Use a current clamp meter to ensure that no current is present in the DC cables.
- Release and remove all DC connectors. Insert a flat-blade screwdriver or an angled screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into one of the slide slots and pull the DC connectors out downwards. Do not pull on the cable.



- 5. Ensure that no voltage is present at the DC inputs of the inverter.
- 6. Remove the AC connector from the jack. Use a suitable measuring device to check that no voltage is present at the AC connector between L and N and L and PE.



# 10 Technical Data

# 10.1 DC input data

Туре	ASW3000-S-G2	ASW3680-S-G2
Max. PV array power(STC)	4500Wp	5520Wp
Max. input voltage	60	ov
MPP voltage range	60V-	560V
Rated input voltage	36	ov
Initial feeding-in voltage	100V	
Min. feed-in power	20W	
Max. input current per	16A/16A	
Isc PV(absolute maximum)	24A/24A	
Number of independent MPP inputs	2	
Strings per MPP input	1/1	
Max. inverter backfeed current to the array	OA	

Туре	ASW4000-S-G2	ASW5000-S-G2	ASW6000-S-G2
Max. PV array power(STC)	6000Wp	7500Wp	9000Wp
Max. input voltage		600V	
MPP voltage range		60V-560V	
Rated input voltage		360V	
Initial feeding-in voltage	100V		
Min. feed-in power	20W		
Max. input current per MPP input		16A/16A	
Isc PV(absolute maximum)		22.5A/22.5A	
Number of independent MPP inputs	2		
Strings per MPP input	1/1		
Max. inverter backfeed current to the array	ОА		

Туре	ASW3000-S-G2	ASW3680-S-G2	
Rated active power	3000W	3680W	
Rated apparent AC	3000VA	3680VA	
power	3000VA	308UVA	
Max. apparent AC	3300VA	3680VA	
power	0000 171	0000 471	
Nominal AC voltage/	220V,230V.24	0\//180\/-295\/	
range	220 4,230 4.24	0 V 7 10 0 V 2 3 0 V	
AC power frequency/	50, 60	/+5Hz	
range	00,00	7 - 51 12	
Rated output current	15A	20A	
Max. output current	15A	20A	
Max. output fault	40A	40A	
current	40A	40A	
Max. output	40A	40A	
overcurrent protection	40A	40A	
Inrush current	<20% of nominal AC curre	ent for a maximum of 10ms	
Power factor (@rated	1		
power)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Adiostala disula assessa			
Adjustable displacement	0.8 inductive	. 0.8 capacitive	
power factor			
Feed-in phase /	1		
connection phase			
Harmonic distortion			
(THD) at rated output	<3	76	

Туре	ASW4000-S-G2	ASW5000-S-G2	ASW6000-S-G2
Rated active power	4000W	5000W	6000W
Rated apparent AC power	4000VA	5000VA	6000VA
Max. apparent AC power	4400VA	5500VA	6600VA
Nominal AC voltage/	22	0V,230V.240V/180V-29	5V
AC power frequency/		50, 60/±5Hz	
Rated output current	20A	25A	30A
Max. output current	20A	25A	30A
Max. output fault	40A	40A	42.5A
Max. output overcurrent protection	40A	40A	45 A
Inrush current	<20% of nom	inal AC current for a max	imum of 10ms
Power factor (@rated power)		1	
Adjustable displacement power factor		0.8 inductive 0.8 capacitive	
Feed-in phase / connection phase		1	
Harmonic distortion (THD) at rated output		<3%	

# 10.3 General data

General data	ASW 3000-S-G2/ 3680-S-G2/ 4000-S-G2/ 5000-S-G2/ 6000-S-G2
communication: WIFI/Meter/RS485/ GPRS	●/●/0/0
Display	LED
Earth Fault Alarm	cloud based, audible(AU)
Zero power output	Via connecting Smart meter
Dimensions (W x H x D mm)	368x325x145
Weight	9.5Kg
Cooling concept	convection
Noise emission (typical)	< 30 dB(A)@1m
Installation	indoor & outdoor
Mounting information	wall mounting bracket
DC connection technology	XLIX
AC connection technology	Plug-in Connector
Operating temperature range	-25℃+60℃ / -13°F+140°F
Relative humidity (non-condensing)	0% 100%
Max. operating altitude	4000m(>4000m derating)
Degree of protection (according to IEC 60529)	IP66
Climatic category (according to IEC 60721-3-4)	4K4H
Topology	Transormerless

Self-consumption	<1W
(night)	∠1AA
Radio technology	WLAN 802.11 b / g / n
Radio spectrum	2.4 GHz
Standby power	<5W

# 10.4 Safety regulations

Protective devices	ASW 3000-S-G2/ 3680-S-G2/ 4000-S-G2/ 5000-S-G2/ 6000- S-G2
DC isolator	•
PV iso / Grid monitoring	●/●
DC reverse polarity protection /	
AC short- circuit current	●/●
capability	
Residual current	
monitoring(GFCI) function	•
Protection class (according to	
IEC 62103) / overvoltage	
category (according to IEC	I / II(DC), III(AC)
60664-1)	
Internal overvoltage protection	Integrated
DC feed-in monitoring	Integrated
Islanding protection	Integrated
EMC immunity	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2
EMC emission	EN61000-6-3, EN61000-6-4
Liating the state of the state	EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3
Utility interference	EN61000-3-11, EN61000-3-12

●—Standard O—Optional -—N/A

Tools and torque required for installation and electrical connections.

Tools, model		Object	Torque
Torque screwdriver, T25		Screws for the cover	2.5Nm
Torque screwdriver, T20		Screw for second protective grounding connection  Screws for connecting the inverter and wall bracket	1.6Nm
	nead screwdriver, de with 3.5mm	DEVALAN DC connector	/
	nead screwdriver, 0.4×2.5	Smart meter connector	/
	/	Stick	Hand-tight
Socket	Open end of 33	Swivel nut of M25 cable gland	Hand-tight
wrench	Open end of 15	Swivel nut of devalan connector	2.0Nm
\	Wire stripper	Peel cable jackets	/
С	rimping tools	Crimp power cables	/
	lammer drill, rill bit of Ø10	Drill holes on the wall	/
R	lubber mallet	Hammer wall plugs into holes	/
(	Cable cutter	Cut power cables	/
	Multimeter	Check electrical connection	/
Marker		Mark the positions of drill holes	/
ESD glove		Wear ESD glove when opening the inverter	/
Safety goggle		Wear safety goggle during drilling holes.	/
Anti	i-dust respirator	Wear anti-dust respirator during drilling holes.	/

# 11 Troubleshooting

When the PV system does not operate normally, we recommend the following solutions for quick troubleshooting. If an error occurs, the red LED will light up. There will have "Event Messages" display in the monitor tools. The corresponding corrective measures are as follows:

Object	Error	Corrective measures
	code	
		Check the open-circuit voltages of the strings and make sure
		it is below the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter.
		If the input voltage is within the permitted range and the
	6	fault still occurs, it might be that the internal circuit has
		broken. Contact the service.
		Check the grid frequency and observe how often major
		fluctuations occur.
	33	If this fault is caused by frequent fluctuations, try to modify
		the operating parameters after informing the grid operator
Presumable		first.
Fault		Check the grid voltage and grid connection on inverter.
	34	Check the grid voltage at the point of connection of inverter.
		If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local
		grid conditions, try to modify the values of the monitored
		operational limits after informing the electric utility company first.
		If the grid voltage lies within the permitted range and this fault still
		occurs, please call service.
		Check the fuse and the triggering of the circuit breaker in
	35	the distribution box.
		Check the grid voltage, grid usability.
		Check the AC cable, grid connection on the inverter.
		If this fault is still being shown, contact the service.
	7.0	Make sure the grounding connection of the inverter is
	36	reliable.

		Make a visual inspection of all PV cables and modules.
		If this fault is still shown, contact the service.
		Check the open-circuit voltages of the strings and make
		sure it is below the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter.
	37	If the input voltage lies within the permitted range and the
		fault still occurs, please call service.
		•Check the PV array's insulation to ground and make sure that
		the insulation resistance to ground is greater than 1 MOhm.
Presumable		Otherwise, make a visual inspection of all PV cables and
Fault	38	modules.
		Make sure the grounding connection of the inverter is
		reliable.
		If this fault occurs often, contact the service.
		Check whether the airflow to the heat sink is obstructed.
	40	Check whether the ambient temperature around the inverter
		is too high.
	41, 42	Disconnect the inverter from the grid and the PV array and
	43, 44	reconnect after 3 minutes.
	45, 47	If this fault is still being shown, contact the service.
	61, 62	Check the DRED device communication or operation
		•Check if the ground line is connected with the inverter;
	C.F.	Make sure the grounding connection of the inverter is
	65	connected and reliable.
		If this fault occurs often, contact the service.
	1, 2,3,	Disconnect the inverter from the utility grid and the PV array
Permanent	4,5,6,	and reconnect it after LED turn off. If this fault is still being
Fault	8,9	displayed, contact the service.

Contact the service if you meet other problems not in the table.

#### 12 Maintenance

Normally, the inverter needs no maintenance or calibration. Regularly inspect the inverter and the cables for visible damage. Disconnect the inverter from all power sources before cleaning. Clean the enclosure with a soft cloth. Ensure the heat sink at the rear of the inverter is not covered.

## 12.1 Cleaning the contacts of the DC switch

Clean the contacts of the DC switch annually. Perform cleaning by cycling the switch to on and off positions 5 times. The DC switch is located at the lower left of the enclosure.

### 12.2 Cleaning the heat sink



## Risk of injury due to hot heat sink

- The heat sink may exceed 70 °C during operation. Do not touch the heat sink during operation.
- Wait approx. 30 minutes before cleaning until the heat sink has cooled down.
- Ground yourself before touching any component.

Clean the heat sink with compressed air or a soft brush. Do not use aggressive chemicals, cleaning solvents or strong detergents.

For proper function and long service life, ensure free air circulation around the heat sink.

# 13 Recycling and disposal

Dispose of the packaging and replaced parts according to the rules applicable in the country where the device is installed.



Do not dispose the ASW inverter with normal domestic waste.



# **INFORMATION**

Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.

# 14 EU Declaration of Conformity

within the scope of the EU directives

 Electromagnetic compatibility 2014/30/EU (L 96/79-106, March 29,2014) (EMC).



- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU (L 96/357-374, March 29, 2014)(LVD).
- Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU (L 153/62-106. May 22. 2014) (RED)

AISWEI Technology Co., Ltd. confirms herewith that the inverters described in this manual are in compliance with the fundamental requirements and other relevant provisions of the above mentioned directives.

The entire EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at www.solplanet.net.

## 15 Warranty

The factory warranty card is enclosed with the package, please keep well the factory warranty card. Warranty terms and conditions can be downloaded at <a href="www.solplanet.net">www.solplanet.net</a>, if required. When the customer needs warranty service during the warranty period, the customer must provide a copy of the invoice, factory warranty card, and ensure the electrical label of the inverter is legible. If these conditions are not met, AISWEI has the right to refuse to provide with the relevant warranty service.

#### 16 Contact

If you have any technical problems concerning our products, please contact AISWEI service. We require the following information in order to provide you with the necessary assistance:

- Inverter device type
- Inverter serial number
- Type and number of connected PV modules
- Frror code
- Mounting location
- Installation date
- Warranty card

### **EMEA**

Service email: service.EMEA@solplanet.net

#### APAC

Service email: service.APAC@solplanet.net

### LATAM

Service email: service.LATAM@solplanet.net

### AISWEI Pty Ltd.

Hotline: +61 390 988 674

Add.: Level 40, 140 William Street, Melbourne VIC 3000, Australia

#### AISWFI B.V.

Hotline: +31 208 004 844 (Netherlands)

+48 134 926 109 (Poland)

Add.: Barbara Strozzilaan 101,5e etage,kantoornummer 5.12,1083HN Amsterdam,the

Netherlands

AISWEI Technology Co., Ltd Hotline: +86 400 801 9996

Add.: Room 904 - 905, No. 757 Mengzi Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai 200023

https://solplanet.net/contact-us/

